



Bathurst Regional Council Additional Special Variation

20 June 2022

Our decision

Bathurst Regional Council applied for a permanent Additional Special Variation (ASV) for a percentage increase in its general income of 2.5% in 2022-23. The rate peg for Bathurst Regional Council in 2022-23 was set at 0.9%. The council budgeted for a 2022-23 increase of 2.5%.

We have assessed this application against the three criteria set by the Office of Local Government (OLG). We found that Bathurst Regional Council's ASV application fully met all assessment criteria.



We have approved Bathurst Regional Council's application for a permanent 2.5% Additional Special Variation in 2022-23 (including the rate peg). Our decision means the council can increase its general income by 2.5% in 2022-23 and permanently keep this additional income in its rate base.

Table 1 Approved ASV - Bathurst Regional Council

	2022-23
Increase above the rate peg – permanent	1.6%
Rate peg	0.9%
Total increase	2.5%

Our decision means the council can increase income by 1.6% above the rate peg. We estimate this to be around \$0.47 million in additional income in 2022-23 which it can keep in its rate base going forward. This allows the council an extra \$2.5 million over the next 5 years. The impact on rates from this ASV may be different for individual ratepayers and across different ratepayer categories. The ASV represents an allowed increase in general permissible income, the council decides how it collects that income from ratepayers.

The ASV process

On 6 April 2022 the OLG announced guidelines for the Additional Special Variations (ASV) process for 2022-23 under circular 22-07 (ASV guidelines). IPART has assessed applications from NSW councils for an ASV against the ASV guidelines.

The council planned for a 2.5% increase in income

Assessment criterion 1: The application amount is not higher than the lesser of 2.5% or the council's assumed 2022-23 rate peg (including population factor) in its 2021-22 Integrated Planning and Reporting (IP&R) documentation.

Bathurst Regional Council's 2021-22 Long Term Financial Plan (LTFP) as part of its IP&R documentation budgeted a 2022-23 rate peg of 2.5% which matches Bathurst Regional Council's ASV application for 2.5% in 2022-23.



The increase the council applied for matches the increase in income it budgeted in its planning documents.

Council supports the proposed increase in income

Assessment criterion 2: The council must have made a resolution which clearly states:

- that the council has resolved to apply for the special variation under section 508(2) of the Local Government Act 1993 (the Act)
- whether the resolution is for a temporary or permanent special variation under section 508(2) of the Act
- the additional income that council will receive if the special variation is approved, and
- why the special variation is required
- that the council has considered the impact on ratepayers and the community in 2022-23 and, if permanent, in future years if the special variation is approved and considers that it is reasonable.

Bathurst Regional Council resolved on 16 March 2022 to apply for a permanent special variation under section 508(2) of the Act. The council estimated it would receive around \$0.47 million of additional income in 2022-23. The council stated that the special variation is required for Bathurst Regional Council's future financial sustainability and so that services are not adversely affected. The council stated that it considered the impact on ratepayers to be reasonable.



The council resolved to apply to increase its income by 1.6% above the rate peg or by \$0.47 million in 2022-23. It explained the reasons why the ASV is required, and the council considers the impact on ratepayers to be reasonable.

The council demonstrated financial need

Assessment criterion 3: The council's 2021-22 IP&R documentation forecast an average Operating Performance Ratio (OPR) of 2.0% or lower over 2022-23 to 2026-27 or it has provided other evidence of need. For example, but not limited to that the council needs to maintain a higher OPR so it can meet its capital funding requirements.

The OLG describes the OPR as measuring how well local councils contain expenses within revenue.^a The OPR represents what portion of a council's revenue is remaining after expenses. A positive OPR represents a surplus in income and a negative OPR represents a shortfall in income.

Bathurst Regional Council's 2021-22 LTFP forecast an average OPR of -42.7% over 2022-23 to 2026-27. An average OPR at or below 2.0% over the next 5 years demonstrates financial need.

Table 2 Bathurst Regional Council's OPR - 2022-23 to 2026-27

	2022-23	2023-24	2024-25	2025-26	2026-27	5-year average
OPR	-41.6%	-42.9%	-43.4%	-43.6%	-42.1%	-42.7%



The council's application shows it has a forecast average OPR of below 2.0%. This demonstrates a financial need for the additional income.

Summary of submissions

Bathurst Regional Council's ASV application did not receive any submissions.

Independent Pricing and Regulatory Tribunal | NSW

NSW Auditor-General, Report to Parliament | Report on Local Government 2018 | Appendix 9 – OLG's performance indicators from the audited financial statement – Descriptions, February 2019, p 78.